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Circular for P&I Clubs

DATE: 30 JANUARY 2020

Correspondents for:

Britannia, British Marine, Carina, Charterers P&I Club, China P&I Club, EF Marine, GARD, Hydor, ITIC, Korea P&I Club, Nordisk Defence Club (Through Sabatino Pizzolante), North of England P&I Club, MS Amlin, Shipowners P&I Club, Skuld, The Standard P&I Club, Steamship Mutual, The American Club, The London P&I Club, Thomas Miller Specialty, West of England and Through Transport Club (TTC)

The National Institute of Aquatic Spaces (INEA) issues Circular on the IMO 2020 Sulphur Cap

Although Venezuela has not ratified Annex VI of the MARPOL Convention, the National Institute of Aquatic Spaces (INEA) has issued Circular No. 19 dated 30 December 2019, on the IMO 2020 Sulphur Cap. The maritime authority emphasises the fact that the resolutions emanating from the International Maritime Organization are adopted based on the sustainable development goals established by the United Nations and must be considered and incorporated into national legislation, taking into account the Constitutional provisions related to the obligation of the state to protect the environment for present and future generations, thereby contributing to the strengthening of maritime and port activity, navigation safety, life at sea and environmental protection.

The Circular is based on the Regulation 14.1.3. of Annex VI of the 1997 Protocol amending the MARPOL agreement 73/78 requiring the reduction of sulphur content in fuel used by vessels from 3.5% to 0.5% m/m, which in accordance with rule 5.1. is applicable to any vessel equal to or greater than 400 gross tonnage and all fixed or floating oil rigs and other platforms.

Therefore, the INEA informs to all those working in the aquatic sector that as from 1 January 2020 the fuel used by vessels equal to or greater than 400 gross tonnage and all fixed or floating oil rigs and other platforms in their operations must contain a maximum of 0.5% m/m of sulphur, except for ships that have installed exhaust cleaning filters (Scrubbers).

Nevertheless, those vessels of Venezuelan flag and foreign flag under the special permit regime, engaged in coastal and domestic navigation, will continue to use the fuel supplied by the national supplier, until there is availability of fuel in compliance with the IMO Resolution.

The Port State Control and the Port Captaincy, in their respective inspections or visits to ships, must verify compliance with the regulations, checking the validity of the certificate and efficiency plan, bunker delivery notes, books of hydrocarbon registration, safeguarding of fuel samples, laboratory test reports, and when required, they may take fuel samples for laboratory analysis and verify the sulphur content provided in Appendix VI of the MARPOL Annex VI.

The Circular under comment states that "In case of non-compliance, the Aquatic authority will inform the respective flag State, might set a period of time to correct the deficiency and, if necessary, impose other measures provided for in the law.

Owners and Charterers are, therefore, reminded about the strict compliance of the new regulations. Unfortunately, the Circular is not clear when referring to samples for laboratory analysis and subsequent steps, nor about the correction of deficiencies, giving rise to concerns on eventual delays and discretionality as a result of PSC's inspections.

Should you need any assistance or further information regarding the topic stated above, please feel free to contact:

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